



The Law Society's Conveyancing Quality Scheme (CQS)

Syllabus: Financial Crime



Syllabus: Conveyancing Quality Scheme: Financial Crime

Accreditation	The Law Society's Conveyancing Quality Scheme
Course	Financial Crime
Course learning outcomes	 By taking this course, conveyancers will: improve their knowledge and understanding of money laundering regulations and their obligations under them; be able to identify warning signs and 'red flags' indicating a higher risk of money laundering and recognise known methodologies adopted by criminals seeking to launder money or commit fraud through property transactions; understand what steps need to be taken or what action is appropriate.
Required SRA threshold standard	SRA level 4
Pass mark	80%
Specific SRA competences to be met	A Ethics, professionalism and judgment A1 Act honestly and with integrity, in accordance with legal and regulatory requirements and the SRA Handbook and Code of Conduct A2 Maintain the level of competence and legal knowledge needed to practise effectively, taking into account changes in their role and/or practice context and developments in the law



Content of training

1. Money laundering, due diligence and record keeping

The Money Laundering, Terrorist Financing and Transfer of Funds (Information on the Payer) Regulations 2017. In particular:

- The solicitors' obligations under the Regulations
- Assessing risk
- Customer due diligence checks and enhanced due diligence checks
- Law Society Guidance

2. Detecting and reporting criminal acts in relation to property transactions

The Proceeds of Crime Act 2002. In particular:

- Money laundering offences (and defences)
- Consent, and
- Disclosures to the National Crime Agency

Criminal Finances Act 2017 including:

- Prevention of criminal facilitation of tax evasion
- Law Society Guidance
- Ability to identify warning signs and assessing risk during property transactions.
- 3. Common methods used to commit property fraud
 - Methodologies adopted by criminals to commit fraud.
 - Identifying risk factors.
 - Law Society Guidance.

4. Protecting your practice and clients from cybercrime

• The risks and most common methods of cyber-attack